



This Product Information Sheet is not intended to replace the Product Label. Always read the Product Label for the most current nutrient content and feeding directions.

## EnProAI<sup>®</sup> Regulator<sup>™</sup> 25% with 10% Fat

Product number: 64955

### Product Information



- Convenient, palatable source of protein, energy, minerals and vitamins for cattle consuming low quality forages
- Unique EnProAI technology results in uniform hardness and consistency throughout
- Combination of natural protein and NPN (non-protein nitrogen) for optimum protein utilization
- Contains Bioplex<sup>®</sup> organic trace minerals – a premium mineral source that is more available and better utilized by the animal
- No expensive bunks or feeders required

### Feeding Instructions

1. Feed 1 block per 15 to 30 head. All animals should have equal access to blocks. Timid and smaller animals need their share.
2. Place blocks where animals congregate. Locate blocks throughout the pasture at loafing, grazing, feeding and watering areas. Adequate distance must be maintained between blocks to minimize crowding - 10 feet minimum.
3. Feed blocks continuously along with a plentiful source of forage and clean, fresh water. Cattle should not run out of blocks. When a block is two-thirds consumed, provide a new block near it.
4. Cattle should consume 1 to 2 pounds per head daily based on a 1,000-pound animal.
5. Consumption of this block may vary depending upon animal body condition, quality and quantity of forages, seasonal weather conditions, and most importantly, feeding locations of blocks with respect to loafing, grazing, feeding and watering areas.
6. If additional mineral and vitamin fortification is desired, provide an appropriate SWEETLIX<sup>®</sup> self-fed mineral supplement in addition to this supplement.

**Introductory Period:** Following a 7 to 10 day acclimation period, average consumption should be 1 to 2 pounds for mature cattle with unrestricted forage supplies. Position the blocks 50 to 75 feet from loafing, feeding and watering areas. Some repositioning of blocks may be necessary as animals become acclimated to the presence of the blocks. Move blocks closer to increase consumption; further away to decrease consumption. If overconsumption occurs for more than two weeks and repositioning of blocks does not correct the situation, remove blocks and evaluate the overall feeding program. **DO NOT ALLOW STARVED ANIMALS FREE ACCESS TO THIS BLOCK.**

### Nutrition Information

Crude Protein, Min	25.00% (This includes not more than 15.00% equivalent protein from non-protein nitrogen)
Crude Fat, Min	10.00%
Crude Fiber, Max	4.00%
Calcium, Min	1.00%
Calcium, Max	1.50%
Phosphorus, Min	1.00%
Salt, Min	2.50%
Salt, Max	3.50%
Magnesium, Min	3.00%
Copper, Min	45 ppm
Manganese, Min	170 ppm

Selenium, Min	3.3 ppm
Zinc, Min	130 ppm
Vitamin A, Min	30,000 IU/lb
Vitamin D-3, Min	3,000 IU/lb
Vitamin E, Min	3 IU/lb

## Product Ingredients

Molasses Products, Processed Grain By-Products, Plant Protein Products, Vegetable Oil, Magnesium Oxide, Urea, Calcium Salts Of Long-Chain Fatty Acids, Salt, Monocalcium Phosphate, Dicalcium Phosphate Calcium Carbonate, Calcium Chloride, BHT (A Preservative), Calcium Propionate (A Preservative), Roughage Products, Selenium Yeast, Manganese Sulfate, Zinc Proteinates, Manganese Proteinates, Zinc Sulfate, Copper Sulfate, Manganous Oxide, Copper Proteinates, Vitamin A Supplement, Cobalt Proteinates, Zinc Oxide, Vitamin D3 Supplement, Mineral Oil, Vitamin E Supplement, Ethylenediamine Dihydroiodide, Cobalt Carbonate, Calcium Iodate